

FILED IN THE
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON

10 MARIA G. DAVILA-MARQUEZ
11 and ERNESTO MARQUEZ, wife
12 and husband,

NO.: **CV-12-5059-LRS**

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

13 Plaintiff(s),
14
15 v.
16

17 CITY OF PASCO, a Municipal
18 corporation, and RYAN
19 FLANAGAN and JANE DOE
20 FLANAGAN, husband and wife,
21 and ZACHARY FAIRLEY and
22 JANE DOE FAIRLEY, husband
and wife, and ROBERT
MEZTGER, Chief of Police of the
Pasco Police Department,

Defendant(s).

COME NOW the Plaintiffs and allege as follows:

1 **I. PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

2 This is a civil action for monetary relief against the City of Pasco and
3 three individual police officers for violating Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez'
4 civil and common law rights by subjecting her to an unreasonable seizure and
5 unreasonable and excessive force and causing her injuries on May 21, 2009.
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8 **II. PARTIES**

9 2.1 Plaintiffs Maria G. Davila-Marquez and Ernesto Marquez form a
10 marital community in Franklin County, Washington and are residents of
11 Franklin County, Washington.

12 2.2 Defendant City of Pasco is a municipal corporation in Franklin
13 County, Washington governed by and functioning under the laws of the State of
14 Washington. The City of Pasco includes the Pasco Police Department.

15 2.3 Defendant Robert Metzger is the Chief of Police of the City of
16 Pasco Police Department.

17 2.4 Upon information and belief, Defendants Ryan Flanagan
18 ("Flanagan") and Jane Doe Flanagan whose true name is unknown, are husband
19 and wife and comprise a marital community under the laws of the State of
20 Washington. Upon information and belief, Flanagan resides within the Eastern
21 District of the State of Washington. At all relevant times, Flanagan was a
22 police officer employed by the City of Pasco and acting within the course and
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scope of his employment and agency with the City of Pasco Police Department and under color of law. All of Flanagan's acts alleged herein were taken by Flanagan for himself, and by and for the benefit of the City of Pasco and his marital community.

2.5 Upon information and belief, Defendants Zachary Fairley (“Fairley”) and Jane Doe Fairley whose true name is unknown, are husband and wife and comprise a marital community under the laws of the State of Washington. Upon information and belief, Fairley resides within the Eastern District of the State of Washington. At all relevant times, Fairley was a police officer employed by the City of Pasco and acting within the course and scope of his employment and agency with the City of Pasco Police Department and under color of law. All of Fairley’s acts alleged herein were taken by Fairley for himself, and by and for the benefit of the City of Pasco and his marital community.

III. JURISDICTION

3.1 This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to Title 28 United States Code (U.S.C.) §§ 1331, 1332, and 1333 and Title 28 U.S.C. §1441, in that Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez has asserted claims for deprivation of civil rights under Title 42 U.S.C. §1983 for violations

1 of the Fourth, Fifth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States
2 Constitution.
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4 **IV. VENUE**

5 4.1 Venue for this action is properly before this court pursuant to 28
6 U.S.C. §1331 because the events giving rise to the claims asserted herein
7 occurred in the Eastern District of the State of Washington and because the
8 defendants reside in the Eastern District of the State of Washington.
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11 **V. FACTS**

12 5.1 On May 21, 2009 at approximately 3:41 in the afternoon, Franklin
13 County Sheriff's Office dispatch received a telephonic complaint about a
14 teenager with long dark hair with highlights, was dressed in a grey shirt and
15 jean shorts, and was causing a disturbance in front of a house on Taft Drive in
16 Pasco (hereinafter referred to as "teenaged suspect").
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19 5.2 There is no indication that the 9-1-1 caller believed the teenaged
20 suspect to be armed. Nor is there any evidence upon which the defendants
21 could have formed a reasonable belief that the teenaged suspect was armed.
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24 5.3 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez at the time was 30 years old
25 and clearly not a teenager, did not and does not speak English well, did not have
26 long dark hair with highlights, was not dressed in jean shorts, and had not
27 caused a disturbance in front of a house on Taft Drive.
28

1 5.4 At approximately 3:30 p.m., on May 21, 2009, Plaintiff Maria G.
2 Davila-Marquez was on her way to pick up her children from childcare after
3 completing her regular work shift at Tyson Foods, her place of employment.

4 5.5 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez walked along Road 60, north of
5 Fenway Drive, in Pasco, Washington, as she normally did when retrieving her
6 children after completing her work day.

7 5.6 Defendant Flanagan was driving a Pasco Police Department patrol
8 vehicle when he quickly drove the vehicle alongside Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-
9 Marquez, stopped the car, exited, approached Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-
10 Marquez, and detained her. Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez was not free to
11 leave.

12 5.7 A short time later, Defendant Fairley, who was in a Pasco Police
13 Department patrol vehicle, arrived and also approached Plaintiff Maria G.
14 Davila-Marquez. By the time Defendant Fairley arrived, Plaintiff Maria G.
15 Davila-Marquez was not free to leave.

16 5.8 Neither Defendant Flanagan nor Fairley had reasonable suspicion
17 to detain Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez nor did they have probable cause to
18 effectuate an arrest and restriction of Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez'
19 freedom of movement.

1 5.9 During the ensuing interaction between Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-
2 Marquez and Defendants, Defendants Flanagan and Fairley accosted,
3 handcuffed, and forcibly threw Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez onto the
4 hood of Defendant Flanagan's patrol vehicle.
5

6 5.10 Defendants forced Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez face onto the
7 hood Flanagan's car. The hood of the car was hot enough to burn human skin.
8

9 5.11 As a result, Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez suffered burns to
10 her face and injuries to other parts of her body.
11

12 5.12 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez was handcuffed and placed into
13 the backseat of Defendant Flanagan's patrol vehicle where she remained while
14 the original complainants were brought to the location in an attempt to have her
15 identified as the teenaged suspect.
16

17 5.13 Nobody identified Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez as the
18 teenaged suspect. Nonetheless, Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez was charged
19 with hindering police in violation of Pasco Municipal Code, section 9.42.020.
20

21 5.14 The charge of hindering police was ultimately dismissed by the
22 prosecuting attorney for the City of Pasco.
23

24 5.15 The Defendant-officers acted in violation of Plaintiff Maria G.
25 Davila-Marquez' well-established constitutional rights under the Fourth
26 Amendment (as incorporated by the Fourteenth Amendment), which explicitly
27

1 binds the states with the due process protections of the United States
2 Constitution.
3

4 5.16 The individual Defendant-Officers were not adequately trained in
5 the constitutional limitations on the use of force. Alternatively, throughout their
6 encounter with Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez, Defendants Flanagan and
7 Fairley acted intentionally, knowingly, maliciously, and recklessly in violation
8 of Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' well-established constitutional rights
9 under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

10 5.17 Upon information and belief, neither Defendants Flanagan nor
11 Fairley were disciplined by the Pasco Police Department. On information and
12 belief, the unlawful use of excessive force by the individual Defendants
13 Flanagan and Fairley was carried out in accordance with the policies and
14 procedures of the Pasco Police Department and the official policies, customs,
15 and practices of the City of Pasco. The City of Pasco has approved of the
16 individual Defendants' conduct and has ratified said conduct.

17 5.18 The official policies, customs, and practices of the City of Pasco
18 and the Pasco Police Department caused the deprivation of Plaintiff Maria G.
19 Davila-Marquez' constitutional right to be free from excessive force and caused
20 her injury.

1 5.19 According to the latest census, Franklin County has about 78,000
2 inhabitants of which approximately 40,000 are Hispanic. Hispanics therefore
3 constitute 51% of the Franklin County population. Much of Franklin County's
4 population is concentrated in the City of Pasco. (Source: United States Census
5 Bureau, 2010 Demographic Profile.)
6
7

8 5.20 Upon information and belief, the City of Pasco and the Pasco
9 Police Department engaged in a pattern and practice of not providing sufficient
10 training to law enforcement officers to service a heavily Hispanic population
11 and/or to provide sufficiently and adequately trained bilingual officers to
12 service the city's Hispanic population.
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15 5.21 As part of the pattern and practice employed by the City of Pasco
16 and the Pasco Police Department, Officers Flanagan and Fairley ignored,
17 dismissed, and/or ridiculed Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' pleas to have a
18 Spanish-speaking officer assist her respond to Flanagan's and Fairley's
19 interrogation following her illegal detention and arrest.
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22 5.22 As a result of the allegations contained herein, the City of Pasco is
23 liable for Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez for violating her Fourth, Fifth, and
24 Fourteenth Amendment rights through the acts of the individual Defendants in
25 unlawfully subjecting Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez to excessive and
26 unreasonable force and for unlawfully causing her injury on May 21, 2009.
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1 Plaintiff Maria Davila-Marquez suffered (and continues to suffer) damages
2 from the injuries incurred as a result of the Defendants' conduct.
3

4 VI. STATEMENT OF DAMAGES

5 6.1 As a direct and proximate cause of the intentional and wrongful
6 acts and omissions of Defendants, Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez suffered
7 violations of certain, well-established constitutionally-protected rights including
8 violations under the Fourth, Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United
9 States Constitution.

10 6.2 As a further direct and proximate result of the intentional and
11 wrongful acts and omissions of Defendants, Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez
12 suffered injuries, physical pain, anxiety, emotional distress and humiliation.

13 6.3 As a further direct and proximate result of the intentional and
14 wrongful acts and omissions of Defendants, Maria G. Davila-Marquez suffered
15 wage loss and medical expenses.

16 6.4 As a further direct and proximate result of the intentional and
17 wrongful acts and omissions of Defendants, Plaintiff Ernesto Marquez suffered
18 loss of consortium damages.

19 6.5 As a further direct and proximate result of the intentional and
20 wrongful acts and omissions of Defendants, Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez
21 incurred costs and fees including filing fees, attorney's fees, investigatory fees,

1 copying costs and the like - associated with bringing and maintaining this
2 action.
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4 **VII. FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION - VIOLATION OF THE FOURTH
5 AMENDEDMENT OF THE UNITED STATEST CONSTITUTION**

6 7.1 Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference the
7 allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1.1-6.5.
8

9 7.2 The Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution
10 guarantees to each person in the United States that he or she will be free from
11 unreasonable interference with their person by the government, its agencies,
12 and its agents.
13

14 7.3 Defendants Flanagan and Fairley, and therefore, the City of Pasco
15 and the Pasco Police Department, by their conduct alleged herein deprived
16 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez of her right to be free from unreasonable
17 interference and bodily integrity, and therefore violated Plaintiff Maria G.
18 Davila-Marquez' rights guaranteed by the Fourth Amendment.
19

20 7.4 Defendants Flanagan's, Fairley's and the City of Pasco's violation
21 of Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' Fourth Amendment rights proximately
22 resulted in physical, emotional and psychological injury to Plaintiff Maria G.
23 Davila-Marquez.
24

7.5 A violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution is actionable and compensable pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez is thus entitled to recover damages for Defendants Flanagan's, Fairley's, and the City of Pasco's violations of Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' constitutional rights, in an amount to be proven at trial.

VIII. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION—EXCESSIVE USE OF FORCE

8.1 Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1.1-6.5.

8.2 The Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution guarantees to each person in the United States that he or she will be free from the excessive use of force by police officers and/or agencies or agents of the government.

8.3 Defendants Flanagan and Fairley, and therefore, the City of Pasco and the Pasco Police Department, by their conduct alleged herein deprived Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez of her right to be free from excessive force and bodily integrity, and therefore violated Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' rights guaranteed by the Fourth Amendment.

8.4 Defendants Flanagan's, Fairley's and the City of Pasco's violation
of Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' Fourth Amendment rights proximately

1 resulted in physical, emotional and psychological injury to Plaintiff Maria G.
2 Davila-Marquez.
3

4 8.5 A violation of the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments of the
5 United States Constitution is actionable and compensable pursuant to 42 U.S.C.
6 § 1983. Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez is thus entitled to recover damages
7 for Defendants Flanagan's, Fairley's, and the City of Pasco's violations of
8 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' constitutional rights, in an amount to be
9 proven at trial.
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12 **IX. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION – NEGLIGENCE - CITY OF PASCO**
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14 9.1 Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference the
15 allegations set forth in paragraphs 1.1-6.5.
16

17 9.2 Defendants City of Pasco and Robert Meztger, had a duty to
18 properly train, instruct, and supervise its law enforcement officers.
19

20 9.3 By its acts and omissions, Defendants City of Pasco and Robert
21 Meztger failed to properly train, instruct, and supervise its law enforcement
22 officers, and were therefore negligent.
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24 9.4 As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence,
25 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez herein sustained damages.
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1 **X. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION – NEGLIGENT INFILCTION**
2 **OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS/NEGLIGENCE**

3 10.1 Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference the
4 allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1.1-6.5.

5 10.2 Defendants Flanagan's and Fairley's intentional and/or reckless
6 and/or negligent acts described herein were extreme and outrageous and caused
7 severe emotional distress thus constituting the tort of negligent infliction of
8 emotional distress. Said negligence also proximately caused bodily harm to
9 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez. Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez is
10 therefore entitled to recover damages for Defendants Flanagan's and Fairley's
11 conduct which resulted in injury to her in an amount to be proven at trial.

12 10.3 At the time of their unlawful detention and/or arrest of and
13 excessive use of force upon Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez, Defendants
14 Flanagan and Fairley were on duty, in uniform, presented themselves as Pasco
15 Police Officers, acting under color of law, and were therefore authorized agents
16 of the City of Pasco.

17 **XI. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION - DEPRIVATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS**

18 11.1 Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference the
19 allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1.1-6.5.

1 11.2 Defendants acted pursuant to official local governmental entity
2 policy under color of law, statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage of the
3 State of Washington, and thereby subjected Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez
4 or caused her to be subjected to the deprivation of his rights, privileges, or
5 immunities secured by the Fourth, Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the
6 Constitution of the United States.
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9 11.3 Defendants Flanagan's, Fairley's, and the City of Pasco's violation
10 of Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez' Fourth Amendment rights proximately
11 resulted in physical, emotional and psychological injury to Plaintiff Maria G.
12
13 Davila-Marquez.

14 11.4 A violation of the United States Constitution is actionable and
15 compensable pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez
16 is thus entitled to recover damages for Defendants Flanagan's, Fairley's, and
17 the City of Pasco's violations of Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez'
18 constitutional rights, in an amount to be proven at trial.
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20

21 **XII. SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION---VIOLATION OF ARTICLE I,
22 SECTION 3 OF THE WASHINGTON STATE CONSTITUTION**

23 12.1 Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference the
24 allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1.1-6.5.
25
26

1 12.2 Article 1, Section 3 of the Washington State Constitution
2 guaranteed to Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez that she would be free from
3 unwanted interference with her liberty interests without due process of law.

4 12.3 Defendants Flanagan, Fairley, and therefore the City of Pasco by
5 their conduct alleged herein, deprived Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez of her
6 right to be free from such unwanted interference, and therefore violated her
7 rights guaranteed under the Washington State Constitution.
8

9 12.4 These violations directly and proximately resulted in physical,
10 emotional and psychological injury to Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez and
11 thus she is entitled to recover damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
12

13 **XIII. SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION—LOSS OF CONSORTIUM** 14

15 13.1 Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate herein by reference the
16 allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1.1-6.5.
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18 13.2 As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff,
19 Ernesto Marquez lost the consortium of his wife, Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-
20 Marquez in an amount to be proven at trial.
21

22 **XIV. PUNITIVE DAMAGES** 23

24 14.1 Plaintiff Maria G. Davila-Marquez is entitled to recover punitive
25 damages for the misconduct of a governmental official which resulted in a
26 violation of her rights under the United States Constitution.
27

14.2 Defendants' misconduct as alleged herein justifies and warrants an award of punitive damages.

XV. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiffs ask the Court for the following relief:

15.1 To accept jurisdiction of their claims, including supplemental state law claims;

15.2 For judgment in their favor against all Defendants jointly and severally for all damages suffered and recoverable pursuant to state and federal law including but not limited to 42 U.S.C. §1983;

15.3 For punitive damages pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §1983 and as may be
permitted by law:

15.4 For joint and several liability against all Defendants for Plaintiffs' attorney's fees, expenses, and costs incurred herein

15.5 For pre- and post-judgment interest on all amounts awarded:

15.6 To enter an order declaring that Defendants violated Plaintiff
Maria G. Davila-Marquez' Constitutional and common law rights;

15.7 For leave to amend their complaint to conform to proof at trial; and

15.8 For such other relief as the Court deems appropriate.

DATED this 11th day of May, 2012.

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